Advertising 2002 Abstracts

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Advertising Division

RESEARCH

Stripes and Stars and Selling Cars: An Analysis of Consumer Attitudes Toward Patriotic Themes in Advertising • Shannon L. Bichard, Texas Tech University • The use of patriotism in advertising has become increasingly popular. The current study specifically addresses consumer attitudes toward patriotic advertising in the wake of America's war on terrorism. Multiple variables were statistically assessed for their relationship to consumer attitude formation and purchase intent. A telephone survey was conducted as a method to procure items for analysis. The findings suggest overall favorability toward the use of patriotic frames in advertising.

The Contextual Effects of Advertising on the WWW • Chang-Hoon Cho, Florida • The current study was designed to understand task-induced contextual effects on congruent and incongruent banner ads embedded on two-task websites (information vs. entertainment). As predicted, it was found that a task-congruent banner ad was remembered better and yielded a more favorable attitude toward the ad and the brand, higher purchase intention and click-through, compared to a task-incongruent banner ad (H1). This task-congruency effect was the same for both information (H1.1) and entertainment situations (H1.2).

Reactions, Perceptions and Evaluations of Local Television Advertising • Ron Elcombe, Winona State University • Answers to three general research questions about viewers' reactions to local retail television advertising were sought in this study: 1) What reactions do viewers have to centrally processed and peripherally processed cues within local retail television advertising? 2) How do consumers evaluate the information they perceive as being contained in local retail television advertising? and 3) What information is reported as missing and worthy of inclusion in local retail television advertising? A sample of local retail television commercials was shown to 18 subjects and qualitative data collected during in-depth, open-ended interviews.

Advertising Agency Web Sites: Presence of Branding Content & Capabilities • Daniel Marshall Haygood, North Carolina – Chapel Hill • Many large advertising agencies offer specialized services in brand development, creation, and stewardship to clients. This research looks at how agencies are presenting their branding capabilities on their web sites, the extent to which this is being done, and whether there are significant differences in presentations of branding capabilities between the larger and smaller agencies. The research shows that the presence of branding capabilities on web sites is high, particularly among larger advertising agencies.

The Use of Relationship Marketing in Media Advertising Sales • Karie Hollerbach • Southeast Missouri State University • Customer relationship marketing and management is a business strategy designed to assist in the development and maintenance of mutually satisfying relationships between an organization and its customer base. It differs markedly from earlier customer contact strategies in that it focuses on the share of customer mindset, rather than on the share of market mindset; it produces unique learning relationships that get more intelligent with every transaction; it utilizes these learning relationships as a barrier to entry by other competitors; and it advances the idea that the level of customer investment should correlate with the measure of customer worth to the organization. Relationship marketing is currently being practiced in both the business-to-consumer and business-to-business environments. The level of relationship marketing strategy integration in the media advertising sales function has been qualitatively examined, and an initial base of support and execution has been found to exist. However, there are unexploited opportunities for relationship marketing strategy growth, development, and deployment in this organizational sector.

Athlete Endorsements in Advertising: Effects of Celebrity Endorsement, Sponsorship and Ethnicity of Endorser • Kihan Kim, Texas at Austin and Jongmin Park, Pusan National University • This study investigates the effects of three advertising cues: 1) sponsorship, 2) celebrity endorsement, and 3) the endorser’s ethnicity. Through the use of a three-factor experimental design, attitude toward the brand, purchase intention and identification are measured as dependent variables. The results revealed that adding sponsorship and celebrity cues and using an endorser of the same ethnicity as the target market generated more positive attitude towards a brand.

A Content Analysis of Corporate Advertising Claims in Magazine Advertisements: A Longitudinal Approach • Jung-Gyo Lee, Jae-Jin Park and Fritz Cropp, Missouri-Columbia • This study documents advertisers’ application of corporate advertising in popular magazines over time. A content analysis of 773 corporate advertisements in Time magazine revealed that there were significant differences in the usage of corporate advertisements among different industry groups across four time periods. The results indicated that corporate advertisements appearing in Time magazine between 1970 and 2000 were overwhelmingly dominated by image advertisements rather than advocacy advertisements.
Business and Communication Programs’ Contribution to Advertising Education and Research: A Comparison • Tien-tsun Lee, Washington State University • The measurement of individual scholars’ productivity is a popular topic in all academic disciplines. Two recent influential studies on advertising researchers compare individual researchers’ employment backgrounds and publications in three leading research journals in advertising. They concluded that business professors produced more publications than communication educators. The present research expands the scope and examines three areas related to advertising education: whether business or communication scholars train more future advertising practitioners and publish more research articles, and whether business or communication students are more likely to win advertising competitions.

The Effects of Physical and Social Outcomes in Print Ads on Brand Attitude and Purchase Intention • Yulian Li, Minnesota • This experimental study, consists of two experiments on two different products, investigates the effects of vicariously experienced outcomes on consumers’ attitude toward brand and purchase intention. Applying the cardinal rule of operant conditioning that human behaviors are largely controlled by outcomes, this study finds that physical outcome is reliably effective changing subjects’ brand attitude and purchase intention. However, in certain product categories, social outcome is more influential.

Negativity Effect or Message Sidedness Effect? Which Explains the Effects of Online Customer Reviews? • Shelly Rodgers and Mira Lee, Minnesota • The purpose of this research was to examine the effects of online customer reviews in light of two competing theories of persuasion – negativity effect and message sidedness effect – to determine which theory best explains this new phenomenon. This was accomplished with a two-factor, between-subjects experimental study. The independent variables were customer review type and monitoring process, and the dependent variables were corporate credibility, belief strength of positively reviewed attributes, attitude toward the brand and purchase intent.

The Integration of Account Planning in U.S. Advertising Agencies • Margaret Morrison, Tim Christy and Eric Haley, Tennessee • This article reports the results of a national survey of account planners that focuses on how account planning is integrated into U.S. advertising agencies. Findings indicate that account planning is more integrated into advertising related aspects of communications campaigns and is less than successfully integrated for areas such as the development of media, sales promotion and public relations strategies. The implications of the study are then discussed.

The Message and the Mindset: Effects of Structural and Perceptual Factors on Attitude Toward the Web Site • Sally J. McMillan, Jang-Sun Hwang and Guichik Lee, Tennessee • This study examined effects of structural and perceptual variables on attitude toward Web sites. Consumers reviewed four sites that had varying feature levels and differing creative strategies. Data were collected about attitude, involvement, and perceived interactivity from 311 respondents. In general, perceptual variables predicted attitude better than structural variables. In particular, involvement with the subject of a site and the sub-dimension of perceived interactivity that measured level of engagement were the best predictors of attitude.

Anti-Drinking and Driving PSAs: Persuasive Appeals and Images • Kasie Mitchell Roberson, Purdue University and Roger C. Saathoff, Texas Tech University • Television public service announcements have been key in creating awareness for prevention of alcohol-impaired. This study analyzed behavioral influence strategies and images in PSAs. The most frequent appeals were informative/educational, empathy, fear and social modeling. While one might think that students are more likely to win advertising competitions.

Is Culture Going Global? A Comparison of South Korean and U.S. Newspaper Ads in the New Millennium • Hye-Jin Paek, Michelle R. Nelson and Douglas M. McLeod, Wisconsin-Madison • This study content analyzed U.S and South Korean newspaper advertisements for the year 2000 to investigate whether previous findings about cultural differences manifested in Eastern and Western ads are still valid. While communication styles were found to be different and localized, it appears that cultural values of individualism/collectivism reflected in Eastern and Western ads might be less distinct and globalized. Findings are discussed in terms of theoretical, methodological and socio-economic considerations, along with globalization/localization implication.

The Geography of Cross-National Research in Advertising, 1990-2001 • Yorgo Pasadeos and Ignatius Fosu, Alabama • NO ABSTRACT
frequently request their physicians for specific brands of prescription drugs. When requests are made, the physicians honor them in most cases.

Chronic Accessibility and Individual Cognitions: Examining the Effect of Message Frames in Political Advertisements • Fuyuan Shen, Penn State University • This study examines the effect of media framing on voter cognitions, and how such effect can be moderated by voters’ chronically accessible schemas. Participants in an experiment were exposed to political ads that have been systemically framed as either issue oriented or character oriented. Results indicated that while message frames could indeed prime audiences and alter the criteria they used in political evaluations. These effects, however, varied among those with different political schemas.

We Like It. We’re Going That Way, But Who’s at the Wheel?: An Exploratory Study of Integrated Marketing Communication • William N. Swain, Louisiana at Lafayette • The literature on integrated marketing communication (IMC) in the latter half of the 1990s offers evidence that a debate over the definition, acceptance, and leadership of the IMC remains unresolved. A survey was conducted to investigate perceptions of who should assume the leadership role in planning and implementing IMC, and whether there is consensus on those factors among samples of six groups with ties to marketing communication: advertising agency executives, public relations agency executives, corporate marketing executives, corporate public relations executives, advertising and marketing academics, and public relations academics.

The Effects of Third-Party Endorsements on Online Purchasing • Alex Wang, Texas at Austin • Do consumers process the third-party endorsement differently when it is presented in the form of news clip versus customer testimonial? This study investigated how consumers make their purchase decisions by integrating and examining two types of third-party endorsements, customer testimonial and news clip. The laboratory experiment tested several hypotheses on the determinants of a consumer’s purchase intention. The findings suggested that consumers evaluated the third-party endorsements by focusing on the believability and trust toward the news clip and customer testimonial to draw conclusion of their purchase intentions.

Use of Interactive Entertainment in Commercial Web Sites • Seounmi Youn and Heather Larson, North Dakota • Although marketers have incorporated interactive content into their web site as promotional tools, little academic research has been conducted on how marketers use these promotional tactics on the Internet. Using content analysis, this study examined how the top 100 megabrands utilize advergames, sweepstakes, and contests, and analyzed whether or not the use of online promotional tactics vary by product categories.

Effects of Advertising Images on Social Comparison: Do Societies Matter? • Shuhua Zhou, Peixin Zhou and Fei Xue, Alabama • This paper investigated the effects of advertising images on social comparison variables. Participants from US and China took part in the three-group experiment. Affordable products and unaffordable products, as well as control images, were presented to participants. Subjects’ self-esteem and life-satisfaction were measured using a battery of scales. Results indicated affordable product images did not affect any dependent variables. However, exposure to unaffordable products produced mixed results.

SPECIAL TOPICS

Subversive Tactics in Early Nike Women’s Advertising • Jean Grow von Dorn, Marquette University • This analysis of early Nike women’s advertising suggests that the everyday lives of the creatives who worked on this account dramatically influenced the work produced. The author employed in-depth interviews with textual analysis. This study suggests that the creatives, through subversive tactics, challenged the gender bound paradigms that exist in advertising. Further, the author argues that their subversive reactions were driven by past experiences, as well as by their experiences while working on the Nike account.

Readers’ Perspective on Advertising’s Influence in Women’s Magazines: Thought on Two Common Practices • Eric Haley, Tennessee and Anne Cunningham, Louisiana State University • This study explores how consumers react to advertisers’ attempts to influence editorial content of media. Two practices are explored: complementary editorial (magazines giving editorial mentions to advertisers’ products or services) and attempts at content censorship. Specifically, the study looks at how women readers of women’s magazines make sense of the two aforementioned practices. Findings indicate that women feel that editorial mentions of advertisers’ products and services can be useful.

A Critical Application of Hofstede’s Masculinity/Femininity Continuum to the Gender Role Study: A Cross-cultural Comparison of Gender Portrayal in TV Commercials • Jongbue Hong, Southern Illinois University-Carbondale and Jaejin Lee, Hanyang University • This crosscultural advertising study compared gender role portrayals between Korean and U.S. TV commercials by analyzing a total of 2545 TV commercials including 5037 characters. Based on Hofstede’s masculinity/femininity intercultural value dimension and the interconnection of gender, culture, and media, gender role portrayals in two countries’ TV commercials were compared in terms of six categories such as frequencies, roles, settings, product types, relationships, and occupations.

Unpaid Advertising: A Case of Wilson the Volleyball in Cast Away • Michael L. Maynard and Megan Scala, Temple University • This study explores how Wilson the Volleyball’s non-purposive placement in Cast Away ironically resulted in a profitable advertising buy. After briefly discussing product placement in films, and how Wilson’s case is radically different, a cost efficiency calculus of how much advertising dollars were saved is offered. The effect of the unpaid placement is considered from the Elaboration Likelihood Model (ELM), leading to a qualitative analysis of the effect of Wilson’s exposure.

PF&R Advertising in the Islamic World: The Portrayal of Women in Egyptian Television Commercials • Jami A. Fullerton and Azza Ahmad, Oklahoma State University • This study examines the portrayal of men and women in Egyptian television commercials and provides insight about advertising content in the Islamic world. It attempts to examine how the content of Egyptian television commercials reflect Egyptian culture and compares the findings to content studies from the U.S. and other countries. A pool of 306 commercials and 337 primary characters were examined from 18 hours of Egyptian prime time programming.
Longitudinal Content Analysis of Gender Imprints Left by Primetime Network Television Commercials: How Advertisers Portray The Gender of their Prospects • Dennis J. Ganahl and Kwangok Kim, Southern Illinois University • Advertisers must target their commercials to their prospects, which means the prospects must be able to see how the products fit into their lives. This research was designed to see how advertisers use gender images to target their prospects. This research was designed as a 3-year longitudinal study of prime time commercials for the same major networks during the same time period each year to insure comparable samplings and reliable coding.

Advertising and the First Amendment: The Central Hudson Analysis and the Impact of Lorillard Tobacco Co. v. Reilly • Michael Hoefges, Tennessee • Since 1980, the Supreme Court has used a complex form of intermediate constitutional scrutiny – the Central Hudson analysis – as a litmus test for government regulations of commercial speech. In Lorillard Tobacco Co. v. Reilly (2001), the Court used this analysis for the first time to test the constitutionality of state restrictions on tobacco advertising. This paper reviews the Court’s commercial speech doctrine through the Lorillard Tobacco decision and determines the legal impact of that case.

A Proper Prescription for Commercial Speech? A Study of the Food and Drug Administration Warning Letters Regulating Direct-to-Consumer Prescription Drug Advertising • Annisa Lee North Carolina-Chapel Hill • This paper explores the criteria the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) uses to regulate Direct-to-consumer prescription drug advertising. Analysis of 108 warning letters issued by the FDA to pharmaceutical companies shows signs of subjective, vague and immaterial regulations used to discontinue drug ads on a regular basis. Such evidence, demanding the need for more First Amendment protection for commercial speech, gives way to the purposeful expansiveness of the FDA regulation.

TEACHING

The Decision to Major in Advertising: Gender Differences and Other Factors • Jami A. Fullerton, Oklahoma State and Don Umphrey, Southern Methodist • This study surveyed 275 advertising majors from two southwestern universities to determine the factors influencing their selection of their major. Many of the students reported being attracted to advertising because of its creative aspects. Reflecting this, more than one-third of the students expressed a desire to work as art directors or graphic designers after graduation. When asked about sources of information about aspects of their advertising major, most frequently cited were television, movies and ads in the media.

E-Business in the Marketing Communication Curriculum: Integrate, Don’t Isolate • Jim Pokrywczynski, Marquette • Although discussion of e-business in the curriculum usually has roots in the marketing or computer science areas, implications are also extensive for the communication industry and deserve some consideration. This paper outlines the influence that e-business has on communication areas like advertising and public relations, broadcasting and journalism. The paper posits the argument that changes in the curriculum should be integrated across most or all existing courses, rather that creating a rash of independent new courses to address this issue.

Multimedia for Mortals: Rationale, Resources, and Tips for Integrating Visuals, Audio, and Video into Lectures for Advertising Courses • James Hamilton, Georgia • Developments in desktop computing, digital encoding, digital delivery systems, and the integration of these with the practice of marketing and advertising have progressed to the point where producing multimedia presentations for courses in advertising is a practical possibility for people who have no other specialized, technical knowledge than a reasonable familiarity with using personal computers. This essay presents a rationale, resources, and tips for using multimedia presentations in advertising courses.

The Development of Distance Learning Courses: A Training Camp • Robyn Blakeman and Ralph Hanson, West Virginia • More colleges and universities across the country are implementing online distance learning courses as alternatives to traditional classroom instruction. Students who consider participating in online courses are as diverse as the courses themselves. Online courses must encourage student interaction and recognize and adapt to, individual student learning styles. This paper will examine how to develop an online course, retain student interest, develop course content as well as how to encourage interaction through these many venues.

STUDENT PAPERS

Environmental Determinants of Foreign Entry Mode Choice of U. S. Based Transnational Advertising Agencies • Jaemin Jung, Florida • This paper investigated the impact of host country environmental factors on the entry mode choice of U.S. advertising agencies. The hypotheses were derived by using the theories on the determinants of foreign direct investment in the manufacturing firms and service industries. The three hypotheses depicted U. S. advertising agencies empirically tested and revealed significant results. Joint ventures are preferred to acquisitions when the cultural distance between the host country and the U.S. is more distant.

The Roles of Emotion and Cognition in Attitude Formation from a Product Trial Under Different Purchase Decision Involvement Conditions • JooYoung Kim and SungWook Shim, Florida • Affective and cognitive responses to a product trial are examined in an experiment containing four cells representing two product types (hedonic and functional) and two involvement situations (low and high purchase decision involvement). The stimulus products were a computer game and grammar-checking software, and one hundred twenty five college students were sampled for the experiment. The specific affective responses studied were pleasure, arousal, and dominance; product cognitions are represented as the expectancy-value from the product attributes (sum of (product beliefs x attribute evaluations)).

Web Context Effects on Perceptions of Product Attributes • Jung-Gyo Lee, Missouri-Columbia • This research reports how product attributes primed by contextual Web pages affect consumers’ judgments of products presented in subsequent Web pages in terms of product quality. It also looks at the moderating effects of individuals’ own levels of product involvement on assimilation and contrast processes. As expected, extremity of the context and ambiguity of the target brand were found to exert significant influences on judgment of product information.

Truth in Advertising: Progressive Era Reform and the New Professionals • Robert A Rabe, Wisconsin- Madison • This paper examines changes generated in the advertising industry in the years between 1900 and 1914 to “clean up”
companies with a perceived fit with the sponsored event or cause – enjoy much more favorable reactions from
d. Much research on sponsorship indicates that congruent sponsors – brands or
Generating Congruence: How Repeated Sponsorship Messages Enhance Evaluations of Incongruent Sponsors • Frank
advertising topic trends, and research method via a retrospective study in the field of advertising research.
and document the contributions of institutional and departmental affiliations to theory and model development,
progress and limitations. The purpose of this study is to reveal
Hana Kim and Jooyoung Kim, University of Georgia • Retrospective studies are meaningful in the way that they guide us
Publication Productivity and Topic Trends in Advertising Research: 1996 through 2005 • Jongsuk Choi, Hyejin Yoon,
examines advertising on the most popular type of blog: political blogs. A content analysis of 74 political blogs was
Blue Ads, Red Ads: Are Connections Being Made in the Political Blogosphere? • Laura F. Bright and Gracieli Scremin,
beauty and attractiveness in themselves and in other women.
other lingerie and swimsuit models of varying shapes and sizes to test how or if the campaign's objective of teaching
Kimberly L. Bissell and Amy Rask, University of Alabama and Ron Leone, Stonehill College • Using an experiment with
Real Women on Real Beauty: Perceptions of Attractiveness and Thinness in Dove's Campaign for Real Beauty •
intentionally humorous advertisement offends, it is likely because it was a certain type of humor that frequently includes
Humor in Advertising and Audience Offense: An Exploratory Study • Fred K. Beard, University of Oklahoma • The use of
humor in advertising has often been considered risky, partly due to its potential for causing offense. The findings of this
study of consumer complaint adjudication reports, published by the Advertising Standards Authority of New Zealand,
reveal that audience members are (1) more offended by inherently offensive themes than anything else, and (2) when an
inherently offensive themes.

Advertising 2006 Abstracts

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Advertising Division

Research

Effects of “Gender Role Orientation” on Perceived Role Offensiveness in Advertising: A Cross-cultural Study of Korea
and U.S. • Daechun An, University of North Texas and Sang Hoon Kim, Inha University and Gu-Jin Jung, Kyung Buk
National University • Employing Hofstede’s gender role items as a new scale for female role orientation, this study
examined cross-cultural differences in the female role orientation, the perception of female role offensiveness in
advertising, and its consequences with Korean and American student samples.

Humor in Advertising and Audience Offense: An Exploratory Study • Fred K. Beard, University of Oklahoma • The use of

Real Women on Real Beauty: Perceptions of Attractiveness and Thinness in Dove’s Campaign for Real Beauty •
Kimberly L. Bissell and Amy Rask, University of Alabama and Ron Leone, Stonehill College • Using an experiment with
college women at a university in the south, we used an image of a model from Dove’s Campaign for Real Beauty with
other lingerie and swimsuit models of varying shapes and sizes to test how or if the campaign’s objective of teaching
women that beauty comes in all shapes and sizes was at all successful in changing college women’s beliefs about
beauty and attractiveness in themselves and in other women.

Blue Ads, Red Ads: Are Connections Being Made in the Political Blogosphere? • Laura F. Bright and Gracieli Scremin,
University of Texas at Austin • Blogs are a new force in the online media market used to reach niche markets. This study
examines advertising on the most popular type of blog: political blogs. A content analysis of 74 political blogs was
undertaken which analyzed advertisements with respect to their interactivity, product context and political affiliation.
Advertisements were found to be mostly static, politically congruent within their blogs and to feature products as
opposed to political issues or organizations.

Publication Productivity and Topic Trends in Advertising Research: 1996 through 2005 • Jongsuik Choi, Hyejin Yoon,
Hana Kim and Jooyoung Kim, University of Georgia • Retrospective studies are meaningful in the way that they guide us
in designing our future courses by shedding light on past progress and limitations. The purpose of this study is to reveal
and document the contributions of institutional and departmental affiliations to theory and model development,
advertising topic trends, and research method via a retrospective study in the field of advertising research.

Generating Congruence: How Repeated Sponsorship Messages Enhance Evaluations of Incongruent Sponsors • Frank
E. Dardis, Pennsylvania State University • Much research on sponsorship indicates that congruent sponsors – brands or
companies with a perceived fit with the sponsored event or cause – enjoy much more favorable reactions from
consumers than do incongruent sponsors. However, by conceptualizing congruence as a static property and by exposing individuals to only one sponsorship message, extant research in this regard remains limited.

Senior Citizens on Interpersonal, Advertising, and Other Mediated Sources of Rx Drug Information • Denise E. DeLorme, University of Central Florida and Jisu Huh, University of Minnesota and Leonard N. Reid, University of Georgia • A series of in-depth interviews was conducted with senior citizens (1) to determine how they evaluate, compare, and use different interpersonal, advertising, and other mediated sources of prescription drug information; (2) to provide additional insight on their perceptions of the credibility, trustworthiness, and value of these sources, including DTC advertising; and (3) to capture verbatim comments for translation into scalar statements in future survey research.

Do They See What We See? A Cross-Cultural Analysis of Advertising Visuals • Katherine T. Frith and Kavita Karan, Nanyang Technological University • In this globalized world, advertising is becoming more visual, yet to date, there has been little research on how culture shapes audience's perceptions of visual messages. In this qualitative study the authors asked respondents in the USA, India, and Singapore what they saw in the visuals used in global ads.

Advertising Students' Attitudes about Advertising: A Nationwide Survey of Generation Y • Jami Fullerton, Oklahoma State University and Alice Kendrick, Southern Methodist University and Connie Frazier, American Advertising Federation • The first large-scale nationwide survey of advertising student attitudes toward advertising in-general revealed more positive beliefs about advertising than did previous studies of both advertising and non-advertising students. The 1,226 students from 167 colleges and universities expressed most favorable attitudes toward the economic effects of advertising and the level of regulation for the industry. Students were largely neutral in their attitudes toward advertising ethics and social effects.

Is Beauty a Joy Forever? Young Women’s Emotional Responses to Varying Types of Beautiful Advertising Models • J. Robyn Goodman, Jon Morris, and John Sutherland, University of Florida • This paper investigated college women’s emotional responses to Solomon et al.’s (1992) six beauty types. Factor analysis revealed that the original six beauty types did not hold up. Instead, the six types combined into two mutually exclusive, independent dimensions: Sexual-Sensual and Wholesome Beauty. After testing emotional reactions to these two beauty types, it was found that models with higher degrees of Wholesome Beauty produced significantly greater pleasure, arousal, and dominance. Implications for the industry are discussed.

Implicit Memory as a Complementary Measure of Brand Placement Effectiveness in Video Games • Federico de Gregorio, University of Alabama • Explicit memory measures (free recall, recognition) assume that items which cannot be accessed explicitly have been forgotten and are, thereby, ineffective. Implicit memory is proposed as a means of tapping into such “forgotten” items. An experiment to explore the utility of implicit memory as a complementary measure of brand placement effectiveness in video games shows that participants demonstrated explicit recall for approximately three placed brands while demonstrating implicit memory for an additional two (different) brands.

Reconceptualization of Advertising Clutter in the Online Environment • Louisa Ha and Kim McCann, Bowling Green State University • The paper proposes an analytical framework that reconceptualizes advertising clutter by separating the physical presence from the perception of advertising clutter with individual differences taken into account. We compare the characteristics of online and traditional media to show how various online ad formats constitute the dual self-pace and the captivativeness of online media. Task orientations and time orientations should be additionally taken into consideration in determining consumers' perceived advertising clutter level.

Blog Ads Revisited: A Follow-Up Analysis of Advertising on Weblogs • Daniel M. Haygood and Amanda L. Miller, University of Tennessee and Cassandra Imfeld, SunTrust Bank • Weblogs, a form of personal expression placed on the Internet, are now often the front lines of political debate and candidate races; just one of the many changes occurring on weblogs. Among those changes is the growing presence of advertising. This research, a follow-up study from six months ago, gauges the advertising presence on weblogs to determine just how advertising has changed since that time, a substantial amount of time in technological terms.

The Development of a Popular Culture Identification Scale: A New Way to Investigate Consumers’ Attitudes • William Hoon, Western Illinois University, Jyotika Ramaprasad, Southern Illinois University Carbondale • Over the years, as advertisers broadened their scope of potential customers and diversified the models used in advertising, the salient factors of consumer attitudes became a significant interest to marketers. A new variable, popular culture identification, was introduced as an explanatory variable with respect to white consumer behavior. The paper addresses the need to examine the salience of popular culture and the development of a scale to measure the variable.

What’s Eating CARU About Kids’ Food Advertising? An Exploratory Analysis of Recent CARU Food Advertiser Cases • Maria Grubbs Hoy and Margaret Morrison, University of Tennessee • Obesity among children is a major concern in the U.S. with advertising often being cited as a contributing factor. Self-regulation is viewed as the most favorable approach to combat the influence of advertising on childhood obesity. This paper examines some recent CARU cases involving foods, beverages and fast foods to determine the focus of advertising self-regulation aimed at food advertisers who target children.

Hispanic TV Advertising, Where did All the Mariachis Go? • Maria-Gracia Inghlessis, Felipe Korzenny and Holly McGavock, Florida State University • Based on the assumption that marketers have begun to represent the Hispanic market in a less stereotypical fashion, this content analysis examines the frequency and nature of the value orientations
represented in U.S Hispanic television commercials. The most commonly occurring value orientations dealt with enjoying life, collectivism, and wisdom/education. Notably less frequent were value orientations referring to luxury/social status, respect for the elderly, and nurturance, among others. Implications and recommendations for the industry are discussed.

Advertising and Promotions in Children’s Programs in the New Millennium • Nancy A. Jennings, University of Cincinnati • Historically, scholars have examined children’s advertising, but this line of research has not been updated in the new millennium. This study updates and expands the investigation with a content analysis of 563 non-program segments appearing during Saturday morning programming on 2 network (ABC and WB) and 2 cable channels (Cartoon Network and Nickelodeon). Results show that media products are becoming an increasingly larger portion of the advertising environment and that program promotions have risen dramatically.

Brought to You by…: The Impact of Television Billboards on Advertising Effectiveness in Sports Broadcasts • Yongick Jeong and Joe Bob Hester, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill • This study explored the impact of television billboards (the 5-10 second identification of a sponsor during a broadcast) on advertising performance in sports broadcasts and addressed the question, “Do television billboards increase the effectiveness of a sponsor’s advertisement?” The results showed that the brands whose advertising was paired with television billboards were better recognized than ones without television billboards.

Why Not “the Best?”: Women Scarcе When Adweek Ranks the Best Creative • Karen L. Mallia, University of South Carolina • This study analyzed eleven years of Adweek annual issues in which the magazine’s editors identify the “best” commercials of the prior year, to evaluate the presence of women creative staffs in this industry accolade. The study looked at issues from February 1996 through February 2006, which culled advertising from 1995 through 2005. This study finds further evidence suggesting that women are severely under-represented in advertising agency creative roles.

A Cross-cultural Study of ‘Young American and Taiwanese Consumers’ Intentions to Opt-in to SMS Advertising • Alexander Muk, University of Wisconsin-Whitewater • This study aims at examining whether cultural differences between countries have significant impact on consumers’ adoption of SMS advertising. To understand whether culture is an important determinant of people’s intentions to accept SMS advertising, Taiwan and the U.S. representing two different cultures are selected in this study. Propositions presented in this study provide preliminary evidence that young consumers’ cultural orientations embedded in their belief systems may play an influential role in their decision-making processes.

Advertising Appeals in the Global Men’s Magazine: A Cross-Cultural Comparison • Hong Ji, The Richard Stockton College of New Jersey • This study content-analyzed the use of advertising appeals in Shishang• Esquire, the Chinese mainland edition of Esquire, compared to its U.S. counterpart by focusing the changes since the copyright cooperation between Trends Magazines and Hearst began. In 2004, the use of group, soft/hard sell, modernity/traditional, and nature appeals differed in Shishang• Esquire and U.S. Esquire. The mixed use of Western and Eastern appeals was found. Glocalization thesis was supported in a complex way.

The Pursuit of Self-Regulatory Goals: How Counterfactual Thinking Influences Advertising Persuasiveness • Xiaoli Nan, University of Wisconsin-Madison • Individuals have a self-regulatory system that regulates behaviors toward either promotional goals (those that relate to attaining positive outcomes) or preventional goals (those that pertain to avoiding negative consequences). This research tests the idea that matching versus mismatching the focus of an ad appeal (highlighting the positive outcome achieved or the negative outcome avoided by using the product) with an individual’s self-regulatory goal can enhance advertising persuasiveness.

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Why Not “the Best?”: Women Scarcе When Adweek Ranks the Best Creative • Karen L. Mallia, University of South Carolina • This study analyzed eleven years of Adweek annual issues in which the magazine’s editors identify the “best” commercials of the prior year, to evaluate the presence of women creative staffs in this industry accolade. The study looked at issues from February 1996 through February 2006, which culled advertising from 1995 through 2005. This study finds further evidence suggesting that women are severely under-represented in advertising agency creative roles.

A Cross-cultural Study of ‘Young American and Taiwanese Consumers’ Intentions to Opt-in to SMS Advertising • Alexander Muk, University of Wisconsin-Whitewater • This study aims at examining whether cultural differences between countries have significant impact on consumers’ adoption of SMS advertising. To understand whether culture is an important determinant of people’s intentions to accept SMS advertising, Taiwan and the U.S. representing two different cultures are selected in this study. Propositions presented in this study provide preliminary evidence that young consumers’ cultural orientations embedded in their belief systems may play an influential role in their decision-making processes.

Advertising Appeals in the Global Men’s Magazine: A Cross-Cultural Comparison • Hong Ji, The Richard Stockton College of New Jersey • This study content-analyzed the use of advertising appeals in Shishang• Esquire, the Chinese mainland edition of Esquire, compared to its U.S. counterpart by focusing the changes since the copyright cooperation between Trends Magazines and Hearst began. In 2004, the use of group, soft/hard sell, modernity/traditional, and nature appeals differed in Shishang• Esquire and U.S. Esquire. The mixed use of Western and Eastern appeals was found. Glocalization thesis was supported in a complex way.

The Pursuit of Self-Regulatory Goals: How Counterfactual Thinking Influences Advertising Persuasiveness • Xiaoli Nan, University of Wisconsin-Madison • Individuals have a self-regulatory system that regulates behaviors toward either promotional goals (those that relate to attaining positive outcomes) or preventional goals (those that pertain to avoiding negative consequences). This research tests the idea that matching versus mismatching the focus of an ad appeal (highlighting the positive outcome achieved or the negative outcome avoided by using the product) with an individual’s self-regulatory goal can enhance advertising persuasiveness.

One Goal, Three Voices: Content Analysis and Audience Evaluation of Antismoking Advertisements in Youth Magazines • Hye-Jin Paek, University of Georgia • Through both content analysis and an audience evaluation of antismoking advertisements, this study examines what kinds of antismoking advertisements are currently available in youth magazines and how audiences evaluate the different types of advertisements. It finds that antismoking advertisements in youth magazines are simply invisible. It also suggests that, to achieve intended results, campaigners should practice more sophisticated media planning and creativity techniques, and that they should pre-test their advertisements before execution.

"If Her Name Is on It, She Must Be Famous:” The Impact of Naming the Spokesperson on Attitude Toward the Ad • Kartik Pushpatti, Southern Methodist University and Pushkala Raman, Texas Woman’s University • In spite of the large amounts of money being spent on celebrity endorsements, many ads do not explicitly identify the celebrity spokesperson. This study investigates whether the explicit identification of a celebrity spokesperson by name results in more favorable attitude toward the ad. The impact of identifying a non-celebrity (or fake celebrity) spokesperson is also investigated.

Direct to Consumer Advertising: Enhancing Patient-Provider Communication and Health Literacy • Paula Rausch and Debbie Treise, University of Florida • Direct-to-consumer advertising (DTC) of prescription medications through mass media has burgeoned, accompanied by significant interest in how this advertising affects patients and their health-care providers. This study’s purpose is to add to existing literature by investigating through in-depth qualitative interviews the perceptions of nurse practitioners, who have largely been neglected in prior studies. Five themes emerged:
Does “Passing the Courvoisier” Always Pay Off? Positive and Negative Evaluative Conditioning Effects of Brand Placements in Rap Videos • Christian Schemer, Joerg Matthes, Werner Wirth and Samuel Textor, University of Zurich

The proliferation of brands in rap videos continues to loom. One mechanism by which brand placements affect consumer attitudes is evaluative conditioning. Given that rap videos contain positive and negative scenes, there is a high potential for positive and negative attitudinal effects. The results of our experimental study indicate the expected effects: The pairing of a brand (conditioned stimulus) with positively evaluated rappers (unconditioned stimulus) produces positive attitudes toward the brand.

Western Women in the Chinese Edition of Cosmopolitan Magazine: A Preliminary Comparison of Western and Asian Models in Advertising to a Middle-Class Chinese Audience • John C. Schweitzer, Bradley University

This exploratory research was undertaken to investigate the use of Western models in Chinese advertising; specifically to look at how Western and Asian models are depicted in a Chinese edition of an international magazine, Cosmopolitan. The results of the investigation showed that Western models were associated with Western fashion and accessory ads for Western-based companies. On the other hand, both Chinese and Western cosmetic companies featured Asian women in their advertising.

Building Trust and Loyalty through Corporate Social Responsibility Advertising: The Effects of Transparency and Intent • Janas Sinclair and Karen Mishra, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

The strength of advertiser (1) intent and (2) transparency communicated in a corporate social responsibility ad were experimentally manipulated, and trust was examined as a key mediator of advertising effectiveness. In the proposed model, strong intent builds trust by increasing perceptions of shared values, and strong transparency builds trust by increasing perceptions of reliability. Further, perceptions of shared values and reliability were expected to build loyalty by increasing trust.

Effects of Third-Party Endorsements on Information Strength and Purchase Intent: Information Relevancy vs. Product Communication Form • Alex Wang, University of Connecticut-Stamford, Carolyn A. Lin, University of Connecticut-Storrs

This experimental study examines whether the insertion of a TPO endorsement—or the lack of it—in conjunction with product information relevancy, influences consumers’ perceived information strength and purchase intent. Study findings indicate that, while TPO endorsements had no influence on consumer perceptions of product information strength, product information relevancy did. Product information relevancy to consumers’ choice goals also has a significant influence on both product information strength and purchase intent.

Gender, Humor and Sexual Appeals in Advertising • Fei Xue, University of Southern Mississippi and Tom Reichert, University of Georgia and Ignatius Fosu, University of Arkansas

Many advertisements that contain sexual information also contain humorous information. However, it is not clear what pattern of responses the two message appeals elicit when they are combined in the same ad. The current experiment examined the relationship between the use of humor and participants’ reactions to sexually oriented commercials, as well as individual difference variables such as gender and sexual self-schema.

Cross-Cultural Comparisons of U.S. and Chinese Corporate Websites • Jie Zhang, Wan-Hsiu Sunny Tsai and Wei-Na Lee, University of Texas at Austin

This study investigates information content and advertising appeals reflected in top U.S. and Chinese companies’ corporate websites to understand the role of corporate website in marketing communication mix, in different stages of e-commerce development, and in relation to specific sociocultural environments. The results suggest that most U.S. corporate websites were based on the e-commerce model and featured significantly more detailed product information.

Penetration of Brand Pre-evaluation on Hierarchy of Advertising Effect: A Structural Equation Modeling Analysis • Yanjun Zhao, Southern Illinois University Carbondale

Employing structural equation modeling analyses, this study checked the role of brand pre-evaluation within the framework of hierarchy of effects in advertising. By comparing two SEM models, the study examined the extent to which brand pre-evaluation exerts an impact on advertising effectiveness. Results from an experiment with 60 undergraduates showed that brand pre-evaluation influence attitudes toward brand and product, but not purchase intention in the hierarchy of effects.

Effects of Culture-Congruent Visuals on Affect Perception and Purchase Intention • Shuhua Zhou, Yinjiao Ye and Jie Xu, University of Alabama

This paper examines visual elements of TV commercials that influence viewers’ affect, perception and purchase intention. Based on theories differentiating cultures along the dimensions of contextuality as well as individualism and collectivism, we designed a study to test the effects of culture-congruent visuals on viewers’ affect, perception and behavioral intentions, in contrast to culture-incongruent visuals.

Cultural Values in Internet Advertising: A Longitudinal Study of the Banner Ads of the Top 100 U.S. Web Sites • Lin Zhuang, Louisiana State University and Xigen Li, Southern Illinois University Carbondale

This longitudinal study explores dominant cultural values in Internet advertising of the top 100 U.S. Web sites in 2000 and 2003. The findings reveal that Internet advertising reflects more utilitarian values than symbolic values. The study also found that the type of advertising appeal is associated with product categories. The results indicate that Internet advertising reflects a convergence of the typical cultural norms of the American society and the particular features of Internet advertising medium.

PF&R

Calls for a temporary ban on direct-to-consumer advertising of prescription drugs: Would such regulation violate freedom of speech? • Terri Ann Bailey, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

This paper focuses on recent calls for the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) to impose a temporary ban on Direct-to-Consumer (DTC) advertising of newly approved prescription drugs. By analyzing recent Supreme Court commercial speech cases and by applying the Central Hudson test established for ascertaining whether regulations of commercial speech violate the First Amendment, this
study addresses whether a temporary ban on DTC advertising of prescription drugs would likely pass constitutional scrutiny.

Whose advertising is this? Examining the social communication in television advertising for the general and African American audiences • Karie Hollerbach, Southeast Missouri State University • Market segmentation made communication with the advertising audience predicated on the audience segment. African Americans were the first minority group identified as having economic viability as a target market that could be reached through advertising content and placement. A content analysis of 358 television advertisements for General and African American audiences revealed that African Americans are still playing a subordinate role, even in advertising targeted to them.

Truly Toffee and Raisin Hell: A textual analysis of lipstick names • Debra Merskind, University of Oregon • This study examines the monikers of 1,722 lipstick names from 52 national brands. Using Goffman’s (1959) concept of presentation of self and impression management and Barthe’s (1982) semiotic model, the findings show, in addition to simple color names, most of the lipsticks are named after food, beverages, sex, and romance. Understanding how naming, as a creative strategy, constructs meaning is an important part of apprehending the role of cosmetics in women’s lives.

Asian American females: The influences of life-stage on ethnic media use and other important advertising variables • Mariko Morimoto, University of Georgia and Carrie La Ferle, Michigan State University • Asian Americans are becoming one of the fastest growing ethnic groups in the U.S. With estimates of significant buying power, the group is becoming an attractive market for advertisers. However, little is known about this group regarding advertising responses. Previous studies on this group suggest we must start to examine differences within the group rather than ignoring potential variations in demographic factors.

Special Topics

Popular Music Placement in Prime-time Television Commercials • David Allan, Saint Joseph’s • Have you noticed a lot of popular music in commercials lately? This research analyzed 3,456 prime-time television advertisements to quantify and qualify the placement of popular music in advertising. The results showed that of the 715 unique ads, 14% contained popular music. Popular music (primarily pop and rock) was observed more often in automotive, audio/video, and food commercials than any other product category.

Direct-to-Consumer Advertising: Agency Perspectives • Jim Avery, Oklahoma • This paper discusses the issues surrounding direct-to-consumer (DTC) pharmaceutical advertising. The intent of this advertising is to convince or inform consumers about a drug or condition. These consumers can then discuss ailments with their doctors. A great deal has been written on this subject, but the author found no published information on how advertising agencies work with these pharmaceutical clients and the high level of scrutiny within the category.

7-Up: The Strategic Story of the Uncola Campaign • William Barre and Karl Idsvoog, Kent State • A brand’s position is crucial to its success in the category. This is particularly true in categories that are dominated by one or two brands. These dominant brands can reduce other brands in the category to niche positions. Such was the case for 7-Up in the soft-drink category. In 7-Up’s case, however, there were two dominant brands – Coke and Pepsi. In addition, there was a dominant type of product within the category, namely colas.

Consumer Responses to Visual Hyperboles in Print Advertising • Mark A. Callister, Brigham Young and Lesa A. Stern, Southern Illinois-Edwardsville • Advertising research on visual tropes is limited and has focused primarily on metaphors and puns. One type of visual trope that has been virtually ignored is the hyperbole. Depicting people, products, and objects in ways that far exceed their capability and nature is a popular strategy in advertising today.

Creative Strategies in Viral Advertising: An application of Taylor’s six-segment message strategy wheel • Guy J. Golan, Florida International and Lior Zaidner, Jetix • Based on a computer mediated word of mouth approach, viral advertising represents the latest online advertising phenomenon. The current study provides one of the first empirical investigations of viral advertising. It uses Taylor’s six segment message strategy wheel as a theoretical framework. A content analysis of 360 viral ads revealed that advertisers predominantly based their message strategies on an individual ego oriented appeals that were based on such themes as humor and sexuality.

Mobile Narratives and Mobile Citizens: What Cell Phone Ads Say about the Mobile World • Jonathan J.M. Lillie, Hawaii-Manoa • This article offers a critical reading of the active citizen of the mobile world as a dominant narrative presented in many marketing representations, such as those on Nokia.com. Within these “mobile narratives,” the individual is often articulated as a powerful construct to which technology-enabled agency is tied.

Student Papers

The Right Stuff: Brand Names and Logos on Clothing, Equipment and in Venues at the 2006 Olympics • Lois Bauman, Brigham Young University • Brand names and logos on clothing, equipment and in venues during the broadcast of the 2006 Olympics were analyzed for measures of visibility through content analysis. These results were compared to viewers’ perceptions collected through survey responses. Content analysis showed fewer actual brand names and logos than were reported by survey respondents. Perceptions of Olympic ad clutter were prevalent despite Olympic Brand Protection and Clean Venue policies.

The Joint Production of Advertising and Film: Brand Placement in Korean Films • Jongsu Choi and Yongjun Sung, University of Georgia • As part of a larger research program examining the effectiveness of film as a brand placement vehicle in Korea, an exploratory content analysis was conducted of brand placements in popular films between 1996 and 2003. The present study attempts to examine to what extent and in what context brands have been placed in popular Korean films over a nine-year period.

Learning About Logos: Jamaican Children and Brand Advertising • Anthea Edelare-Henderson, University of the West Indies • This study investigates the recognition rates exhibited by Jamaican children for various televised brands and advances the argument that some perspectives on the effects of foreign media content require revisiting, given the
dynamism of local industry and changes in advertising practices. In respect of this particular study, the real challenge facing Caribbean people seem to center on ideological shifts related to consumerism generally, which are reflective of processes occurring at the global level.

Direct Mail Advertising to Hispanics: The Influence of Acculturation on Attitude Toward the Ad • Kenneth Wilson Graham, Oklahoma State University • This study examines the influence of acculturation, language used and model ethnicity on the effectiveness of direct mail advertising to Hispanic consumers, as measured by respondents’ emotional response to the ad. An advertising experiment was conducted with a convenience sample of 205 respondents in Tulsa, Oklahoma. The Bidimensional Acculturation Scale for Hispanics (BAS) was used to group respondents into one of three acculturation groups: low acculturated, bicultural, and high acculturated.

Mobile Media Use and its Impact on Consumer Attitudes Toward Mobile Advertising • JongWoo Jun and SangMi Lee, University of Florida • This empirical study researched cell phones, the representative mobile media, based on the approach of uses and gratifications. Using U.S. college students as a sample we explored the relationship uses and gratifications, attitudes toward mobile advertising, and behavioral intentions and we tried to construct a model with them. The results of this study indicated that mobility/convenience and multimedia service were positively related to attitudes toward mobile advertising and lead to favorable behavioral intentions.

The Different Effects of Involvement Types and Advertising Message Strategies on Product and Corporate Advertisements • Sora Kim and Yoon-Joo Lee, University of Tennessee, Knoxville • The purpose of this study is to gain a better understanding of the effects of different involvement types and ad message strategies on attitude and behavioral intentions toward the product and the company advertised. By comparing the advertisement of a computer brand with the advertisement of a corporation that produces the computer brand, the study intends to examine the different effects of involvement types and advertising message strategy. The results provided some useful insights.

Celebrity Endorsement in Cross-Cultural Advertising • Jenny Kiens and Weiqin Zhao, University of Nebraska-Lincoln • This study employs a qualitative research approach using focus groups to investigate American and Chinese consumers’ perceptions surrounding celebrity endorsers’ usage and effectiveness in American and Chinese advertisements. The findings of this study suggest that American and Chinese consumers’ perceptions of endorser usage differ and while celebrities attract attention to advertisements from both consumers group, this does not constitute effectiveness.

Attention, Attitude and Experience as Predictors of Advertising Avoidance Behaviors Among Five Different Media • Jensen Moore, University of Missouri-Columbia • This investigation extends on the 1997 Speck & Elliot study of advertising avoidance behaviors by examining attitudes, attention and experience in both traditional and new media. Drawing upon information processing theory, the hierarchy of effects model, and selective exposure and avoidance research, this study uses survey methodology to examine “coping” behaviors associated with exposure to today’s abundant advertising messages.

Are You Ready for Some... Sex, Violence and Gender Stereotypes? A Content Analysis of Monday Night Football Commercials and Programming Promotions • Joel Massey, Louisiana State University • This study examined 2004 Monday Night Football commercials and promotions documenting sexual content, violence, and gender role stereotypes. Men appeared twice as often as women, but women were more likely to be stereotyped. Programming commercials were significantly more sexual and violent than other commercials. Despite apparent declines in objectionable content, this study alerts us to lingering concerns about advertising content, and raises the possibility that the networks themselves may be the worst offenders.

Attention, Attitude and Experience as Predictors of Advertising Avoidance Behaviors Among Five Different Media • Jensen Moore, University of Missouri-Columbia • This investigation extends on the 1997 Speck & Elliot study of advertising avoidance behaviors by examining attitudes, attention and experience in both traditional and new media. Drawing upon information processing theory, the hierarchy of effects model, and selective exposure and avoidance research, this study uses survey methodology to examine “coping” behaviors associated with exposure to today’s abundant advertising messages.

DTC Advertising and the Perceived Social Reality of Depression: The Potential Effects of DTC Advertising for Antidepressant Brands on College Students’ Perceptions of the Prevalence and Lifetime Risk of Depression • Jin Seong Park, University of Florida • This study is theoretically rooted in the research traditions of cultivation theory, construct accessibility and availability heuristic. Based on a survey with 206 student participants, this study finds that familiarity with DTC print advertisements for antidepressant brands are associated with college students’ inflated perceptions of the prevalence and lifetime risk of depression. Interpersonal experiences with depression also significantly predicts their perceived lifetime risk, but not perceived prevalence.

A Chain-Reaction View of Word-of-Mouth Communication: Effects of Perceived Group Norms on College Students’ Word-Of-Mouth Communication Regarding the Issue of Choosing a Spring Break Destination • Jin Seong Park and Kenneth Kim, University of Florida • Based on the literature on the influences of perceived group norms on human behavior, the current study reveals a mechanism through which individuals’ exposure to WOMC could influence their own communication patterns in a later WOMC situation.

Appeals and Cultural Symbols in Chinese TV Commercials • Feng Shen, University of Florida • This content analysis examines the use of rational/emotional appeals and cultural symbols in Chinese TV commercials. The purpose is to explore their usage for indigenous brands and possible differences between product categories. Based on convenience sampling, the results indicate that there is no difference in the overall use of appeals and more use of Eastern cultural symbols, but there are significant differences in the use of appeals and cultural symbols between product categories.
How To Improve Critical Thinking Skills In The Media Strategy Course Using Online Peer Collaborative Learning: A Mixed Methods Study • Frauke Hachtmann, University of Nebraska-Lincoln • This study examined the effectiveness of product placements embedded in a video game. The research findings showed that players who perceived their skill to be higher than the challenge from the game tended to remember more brand names and logos in the game than those who perceived their skill to be lower than the challenge. The positive relationship between virtual products experience and overall attitude toward the product was also found.

Untangling Knots: An Alternative Approach to Hybrid Corporate Speech • Younju Sohn, University of Georgia • This paper proposes more refined and useful guidelines for determining the constitutionality of regulations on hybrid corporate speech, where commercial speech is blended with noncommercial elements. This paper compares the existing legal standards for the analysis of commercial speech with Robert O’Neil’s proposition, which urges to reexamine the current criteria and look at the nexus between the speaker’s economic motive, context and audience. An alternative framework, which modifies O’Neil’s scheme, is proposed.

Political Advertising, Political Cynicism and Affect: A Mediation Model Account • Changmin Yan and Carrie Sipes, Pennsylvania State University • Through an experiment, this study explored the relationship between negative political advertising and political cynicism. While negative ads per se did not lead to dramatic increase of political cynicism among voters, but when it combined with positive political ads, voters’ political cynicism soared due to exposure to contrasting information of a candidate. Further analyses suggested a mediation model for contrasting information and political cynicism by ad-induced negative emotion. Practical and policy implications were discussed.

Political Advertising Valence and Candidate Response Strategy • Changmin Yan, Carrie Sipes and Pat Farabaugh, Pennsylvania State University • This study examined multiple factors’ influence on viewers’ perceptions of political advertising’s issue salience and the importance of image or issue as a voting criterion. In general, negative ads are effective for challengers and positive ads are effective for incumbents. Moreover, going alone with the opponent’s advertising valence is an effective response strategy to raise image whereas going against the opponent’s advertising valence works better to emphasize the importance of stance on the issue.

Mediated by TV Campaign News: Indirect Effects of Political Commercials on Voters’ Political Knowledge • Jason Jusheng Yu, University of North Carolina-Chapel Hill • The purpose of this study is to examine the mechanism of how TV political advertising and TV campaign news work together influencing voters’ political knowledge by proposing that TV campaign news mediates the effect of TV political advertising on voters’ political knowledge. Empirical evidence supports the mediating role of TV campaign news in the relationship between TV political advertising and voters’ political knowledge. More experimental research is needed for integrated political communication.

Teaching
An Analysis of Career Aspirations of 1,200 U.S. Advertising Students • Jami Fullerton, Oklahoma State University and Alice Kendrick, Southern Methodist University and Connie Frazier, EVP Mosaic Center & Education Services, American Advertising Federation • A pool of 1,226 students studying advertising at 187 U.S. colleges and universities provided the largest data set to date about aspects of employment preferences as well as attitudes toward working in advertising. Three-fourths of students said they planned to enter the advertising work force upon graduating, and four out of five expressed interest in working in an agency setting.

How To Improve Critical Thinking Skills In The Media Strategy Course Using Online Peer Collaborative Learning: A Mixed Methods Study • Frauke Hachtman, University of Nebraska-Lincoln • This study addresses how a specific teaching standard set forth by the Accrediting Council on Education in Journalism and Mass Communications (ACEJMC) can be measured in the media strategy course. The purpose of this exploratory sequential mixed methods design was to show how online peer learning can improve critical thinking and to examine the effect of this teaching approach. The author found that using the approach resulted in higher quality media plans.

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